

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION:

This invention relates to an improvement in electrical connecting devices. In the telephone and computer industries, there has been continued and increased use of plug type connectors on electrical cords which are used to connect an electronic device, such as a computer or telephone, to the jack of another electrical device or other terminal housing.

However, one major problem has been when extensive use of compression of the lever portion of the connector plug is made, the lever portion of the connector plug breaks, since it is formed integrally with the plug housing, thus not abling the connector plug to anchor itself to another electronic device, jack or housing terminal. Frequent switching between a telephone jack and a computer jack are examples of what can lead to strain and consequently, breakage of the lever portion of the connector plug. Prior art shows currently that the lever portion of the connector plug is in a fixed position only relying on its natural resilience to resume its original molded shape and orientation.

By way of example, Hardesty et al. U.S. Pat. No. 3,761,869 and Hardesty, Hall U.S. Pat. No. 3,860,316, show electrical connecting devices where the lever of such devices is in a fixed state of being only relying on its natural resilience to resume its original molded shape and orientation.

## **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION:**

Against the foregoing background, it is a primary object of this invention to provide a pivoting lever which is part of a connector plug used to connect an electric cord to the jack of a telephone, computer, other electronic device or other terminal housing.

It is a further object of the present invention to provide a matter of opposing force thereby allowing the lever to return to its original state thus allowing the locking of the connector plug to a jack cavity of an electronic device or other terminal housing as well as providing for the connector plug's release from an electronic device or other terminal housing when the lever is compressed.

The connector plug of this invention is similar to those previously referenced except that the lever portion of the plug is able to pivot and is not formed integrally with the connector plug housing. Another improvement is the use of a matter of opposing force which will allow the lever to return to its original state.

## **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS:**

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of the connector plug embodying the principals of this invention. Namely, the pivotal lever, matter of opposing force and angled front end of the housing that enable the lever to return to its original state and position after being released from compression.

FIG. 2 is a side view of the elements mentioned in FIG. 1.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION:

Referring to FIGS. 1 and 2, there is shown the housing **3** of the connector plug where the front end of the housing next to the pivotal lever **1** forms a barrier, thereby acting as a stopper to the pivotal lever **1** when the lever is released from compression.

Compression of the pivoting lever **1** against a matter of opposing force **2** (a spring **2** is shown for illustrative purposes as a matter of opposing force) allows the lever to return to its original state and position thereby allowing the locking of the connector plug to a jack cavity of an electronic device or other terminal housing as well as providing for the connector plug's release from an electrical device or terminal housing when the lever is compressed.

As shown in FIG. 2, the matter of opposing force would be connected or held in place to the pivotal lever, the housing itself or both lever and housing **4**. If a spring is used as the matter of opposing force, the spring would be held in place between the pivotal lever **1** and the housing **3**. The holding in place of the spring **2** between the pivotal lever **1** and housing **3** may be accomplished by protruding reliefs **4** formed integrally with the pivotal lever and housing. My improved design will greatly reduce strain and breakage of the lever portion of the plug connector due to extensive compression and release.

Concerning the above description, it is to be realized that construction, materials, dimensions, assembly, shape, function, operation and variations thereof, are readily available to one skilled in the art whereby those skilled in the art can make use of the invention without extensive experimentation, and further, all equivalent relationships to

those illustrated in the drawings and described in the specifications are intended to be encompassed by the present invention.

Therefore, the foregoing is considered as illustrative only of the principles of the invention. In addition, since numerous modifications often times occur to those skilled in the art, it is not intended to limit this invention to the exact construction, materials, dimensions, assembly, shape, function and operation illustrated and described. Therefore, all suitable modifications and equivalents may be resorted to, falling within the scope of the invention.